Women’s History Month has deep roots in the labor movement, and this should not be a surprise to working families. Since the first woman went into labor in the birth of the first man, women have worked. And since humans first learned to gather plants, fish hunt and make clothes, women have worked. In the labor movement women were often the first out the door when strike time came. They formed cooperatives and unions, and before they had the right to vote, they formed political parties. But they were often the last to be recognized.

Women also faced discrimination, harassment and assault on the job and in their unions. Their efforts have often been marginalized, even in the labor movement, which they co-founded. Labor must remember that women fought against slavery when they were little more than chattel in their own homes. Labor must remember women like Frances Perkins, President Roosevelt’s Secretary of Labor and the first woman cabinet member. She had witnessed the Triangle Shirt Waist Factory fire in 1911, where a quarter of the 600 women garment workers had died, and she made a life-long commitment to labor rights. Women’s History Month was founded in part to remember that tragedy. As Secretary Perkins would administer the National Labor Relations Act, a New Deal bill that legalized workers’ rights to form unions and, if necessary, to strike. Under her leadership, the National Longshore Arbitration Board ruled the ILWU had a right to coastwise bargaining with maritime employers. That was because the employers acted as a group and it was only fair the workers should have the same rights. The coastwise longshore contract is that legacy.

Women on the line—the Powell’s Books Story

In celebration of Women’s History Month

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She crossed paths with the ILWU again in 1939 when she refused to deport Harry Bridges. The Labor Dept. ran the immigration service then, and right wing Congressmen threatened Perkins with impeachment for her refusal. She stuck to her guns and Bridges won. While the New Deal reforms might have blunted the militancy of workers, it also provided many gains. Every time a worker cashes a Social Security check she can thank Perkins, who helped write the Social Security legislation.

This month The Dispatcher remembers the founding of warehouse, retail and allied Local 5 through the words of its former president, Mary Winzig. While this is only one example of women in the ILWU, it shows women will carry the union’s banner into the 21st Century.

Congresswoman Nancy Pelosi, the first woman Speaker of the House of Representatives, honored the Harry Bridges building with her presence in San Francisco in support of the Employee Free Choice Act. She warmly greeted Local 6 retiree Leroy King, co-chair of her first congressional campaign. See Marcy Rein’s story on page 3.

—Tom Price
ILWU Secretary-Treasurers’ Conference, 2007

By Gene Vrana, Director of Educational Services and Librarian

Photos by Frank Wilder

The largest and most diverse group of ILWU officers ever to attend the union’s Secretary Treasurers Conference assembled in San Francisco to update their understanding of local union administration. The Jan. 29-Feb. 2 program was designed to help ensure ILWU compliance with federal regulations and internal union procedures. Participating were 31 local secretary-treasurers, 21 who hold other office (e.g. president, business agent, patrolman), nine trustees, and 11 clerical employees, such as bookkeepers and office managers.

ILWU International President Bob McElrath, Mainland Vice President Joe Radisch, and VP Hawaii Wesley Furtado welcomed the participants. “You are the core of the union,” said International Secretary-Treasurer Willie Adams in his opening remarks. “You keep us going and serve the members needs and keep us in compliance with federal regulations and union procedures. The members need you to know how to protect the union so they can be without worry to focus on doing their jobs and taking care of their families.”

Instructors for the conference, which has been held about every two years since 1998, included ILWU attorneys Chris Hwang, Philip Monrad, Beth Ross, Rob Romar and Peter Salzman; ILWU auditor and CPA Jong Lee; ILWU staff members Russ Bargmann and Gene Vrana; and ILWU Secretary Treasurers Jack Wyatt, Sr. (Local 17), Guy Fujimura (Local 142), IBU National Secretary-Treasurer Terri Mast, and Willie Adams.

The rigorous schedule included presentations on reporting requirements under the Labor Management Reporting and Disclosure Act (LMRDA), fiduciary responsibilities of the local union and its officers, Beck procedures regarding financial core members, prohibited union expenditures and payments or gifts from employers, the role of trustees, local union election procedures and regulations, record keeping and records management, understanding and conducting an audit, and fiscal guidelines for political action funds and committees.

On the right, Local 142 bookkeeper Linda Suzuki and Local 142 Office Manager Desmond Koch review a workshop exercise. The participants also had a wealth of written information to take back to their locals for future officers and staff.

Conference participants worked together throughout the week to digest information about administrative regulations and procedures. Shown here, from left to right: Dan Hardisty Local 28, A.J. Wright Local 26, Edward Calloros Local 26, and Tove Holmberg Local 28.

Ken Bauder, Secretary-Treasurer ILWU Canada: “This gives Canadians a way to see how it’s done in the US, where the reporting rules are generally more punitive. It was very useful to get instructions on what documents to save and archive, and which documents you shouldn’t. I’m taking that back and will implement it in my office.

“The ILWU traditionally has had a good turnover of officers, and often the staff has to train the new officers in how these things work to protect our history and be stewards of the union. I see many staff members here and we are able to collaborate with each other in training.”

Kristi Lovato, President Local 5: “In our local we have a high turnover rate and not a lot of institutional memory, so it’s helpful to have these trainings as new officers come in to gain the expertise of more experienced officers. I appreciate the examples, the question and answers in each packet that we can take back to our hall.

We saw a big change in the last Congressional election, and I hope that with a new presidential administration there will be less of a focus on penalizing unions and looking for ways to make our jobs more difficult.”

Martha Hendricks, Secretary-Treasurer/ BA Local 40: “There are pros and cons of rank and file people running our offices, and often the pros is that at times there’s a lack of continuity in education and knowledge. The conference was such an education, with amazing speakers, and the actual tangible info we can take back to our locals to pass on. These conferences are wonderful to help us follow the laws and do it well.”

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Labor launches battle for the right to organize

by Marcy Rein

The U.S. House of Representatives stands poised to pass the biggest labor law reform in at least 80 years. House approval of the Employee Free Choice Act (H.R. 800) will set off a firestorm in color and sound, with next few political seasons as the Democrats seek to flex their majority.

The Progressive American people asked for a new direction," House Speaker Nancy Pelosi (D-San Francisco) told hometown press conference in support of the Act on Feb. 21. "This is the beginning of that."

The National Labor Relations Board launched an all-out push for the Employee Free Choice Act (EFCA) Dec. 8, the ILWU has held meetings with the National Portion of the Blue Diamond workers' organizing committee appeared at the December Local 142 rally. His name is Ivo Camilo was one of two workers to testify at the first hearing on EFCA in the 110th Congress.

Camilo addressed the House Subcommittee on Health, Education, Labor and Pensions Feb. 8. He told the panel how Blue Diamond found a flimsy excuse to fire him in 2005 because he supported the protest to join ILWU warehouse Local 17.

"I worked at Blue Diamond Growers for 35 years," he said. "On April 20, two supervisors—one in front and one in back—scooted me out. They said I was a bad influence. The next day I was terminated."

The National Labor Relations Board found Blue Diamond guilty of more than 20 labor law violations, including the firings of Camilo and another union supporter, Mike Ludlum, who otherwise would have none.

"Maurice的话题 made four principal stops in China, beginning with three in Beijing. We also made daylong visits to the port cities of Shanghai, Hangzhou and Guangzhou. We took full advantage of the huge, 16 percent increase in traffic from China, the ILWU’s relations with the Chinese grew significantly. Either the employer or the union could request mediation if they hadn’t reached agreement within 90 days. If the mediation doesn’t work in 30 days, they would have to go to binding arbitration.

The original National Labor Relations Act has swirled around the majority sign-up clause, but the first-contract section also addresses a huge law.

“The Employee Free Choice Act is the most significant change in labor law since Taft-Hartley, and the most in the spirit of the original Act,” Cader said.

“Take an up close look at three important Chinese sea

K

When workers at Evergreen State College were proud to serve Del Monte products it had previously contracted with Aramark food services, the company decided to shut down the business and replace the pineapple. Union sailors and ILWU dockers shipped the fruit to the college’s faculty, staff, students and staff, and Local 5 members serviced it.

But in Feb. 2006, Fresh Del Monte announced a new Hawaii operations in 2008. Then last November the company decided to shut it down. By the end of January, 1,940 Local 142 members off the farm with little or no time to prepare. The operation was finished in 10 days.

When Del Monte refused to bargain a proper sequence, Local 142 filed and won an unfair labor practice charge and asked the ILWU International Executive Board for a boycott of Del Monte, which was approved at the Dec. 2006 Executive Board meeting. Local 5 members have had a contract with Aramark food services, the Evergreen State College contractor, for three years. The union has a good relationship with Aramark, according to Local 5 Vice President Paul Malleck.

“We have monthly shop steward meetings with Craig Ward, the food service director,” Malleck said. “Last week we sat with him to discuss some work issues and we brought up the boycott against Del Monte and asked for a fast working method of workers and hold wrongful compa

Maurice’s delegation made four principal stops in China, beginning with three in Beijing. We also made daylong visits to the port cities of Shanghai, Hangzhou and Guangzhou.

• Make contacts with leadership of the All-China Federation of Trade Unions (ACFTU) and important municipal and provincial trade unions.

• Continue to do important work on the Blue Diamond Growers campaign in Hawaii.

• Deepen the union’s ties with Mayor villaragosa, his staff, and Harbor Commissioner Freeman and his staff;
Introduction by Harvey Schwartz

To honor women’s history month, we are featuring Mary Winzig, who recently became the ILWU Columbia River organizer. Winzig was the founding president of warehouse, retail and allied workers Local 5, which represents employees at the nation’s largest independent book company, Powell’s Books of Portland, Oregon.

Mary Winzig was a shop steward, a member of the Organizing Committee, and a key figure in the 1998-2000 unionization drive that brought more than 400 Powell’s workers into the ILWU under a new charter. I interviewed her in June 2001, ten months after Local 5 secured its first contract with Powell’s. Our discussion focused on the Powell’s organizing drive, which attracted much community support and media attention.

MARY WINZIG

Edited by Harvey Schwartz, Curator, ILWU Oral History Collection

I was born in Houston, Texas, in 1964. My parents were Republicans, but odd Republicans.

They told me never to cross a picket line. When President Reagan fired the air traffic controllers in 1981 for going on strike, my parents said, “That’s not a good thing.” So I learned something about labor from an early age.

I got interested in politics as a student at the University of Texas. There was an anti-apartheid drive because UT had money invested in South Africa. There was a free speech movement because I was making crap wages, and even if we got fired, we’d be shelving in railroads or automotive that I didn’t know jack about. I couldn’t help customers anymore. This sort of thing happened across several departments at the Burnside store, which had been there longer than 400 Powell’s workers into the ILWU under a new charter. I interviewed her in June 2001, ten months after Local 5 secured its first contract with Powell’s. Our discussion focused on the Powell’s organizing drive, which attracted much community support and media attention.

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Michael Powell shook his head and looked over at me like he was thinking, “Oh, no, a voice of reason.” I was taking responsibility. It was not what he wanted to hear. Others of us went to management meetings held at various stores. They said, “If Michael Powell’s going to give his spiel, well, here’s our spiel.” This was quite a grand welcome.

The company also sent letters to our homes. We never got letters before, but now managers sent letters signed with their first name. When the letter identified us as the wrong union. Our members said, “You’re telling us the union is bad, and you can’t even do the right research?”

When we started organizing we had people we called communication stewards. We had stickers labeled “Peter Olney papers,” because Peter loves the stickies. There were charts with people’s names and locations and we would pick workers to talk to. I had a group of 10 or 12. When we were making decisions or having a meeting, we would contact those people to let them know what was going on.

We got help from the outside from progressive community groups like Jews with Justice and Art and Revolution. The ILWU had Höhe Burnside-centric. We had a union shop and a successor clause. Michael Powell fought long and hard to try to have an open shop. We tried to tell him he was putting himself in the same company as George W. Bush, who supposedly didn’t like it. Ultimately we were able to come to a compromise, so a limited number of people didn’t want to join the union could stay out. Fewer than 20 signed up for that, and later some of those joined the union anyway.

We had to have a series of demonstrations and short strikes before we finally got a contract. Once Art and Revolution, which does visual street theater, made these stickies and actually wore punk clothes, and we looked different from the waterfront workers, but they would be there with their banners. Their nickname for us—which they didn’t tell me about until a year ago—was “the Bisexual Vegan Union.” This was all in fun. They were really supportive.

In December 1998 we started wearing union buttons. I gave one to Billy Bragg, the singer, when he came into the Burnside store. He said, “Mary, you’re doing Woody Guthrie’s work.” That was inspiring. At a concert that night he dedicated a song, “There’s Power in a Union,” to the Powell’s organizing we had people we labeled “Peter Olney

But as soon as we won and reality set in, people thought two from Burnside. They said, “Those are our people. We’re going across.”

Later that day, at 4 o’clock, all the ILWU convention people marched from their Hilton Hotel headquarters toward Powell’s. I went with them. Powell’s was surrounded by cops in riot gear. I could see my co-workers being pushed up against the wall by cops with bullies and shields. Helicopters were overhead. It was horrible and scary. It looked like a war zone.

As we marched up, Brian McWilliams, the president of the ILWU, approached the head of the police. The cop said, “There’s just a bunch of anarchists across the street.” Brian looked at him and said, “Those are our people. We’re going across.”

We started to march. Some cops took a few swings, but there were more than 400 ILWU people with us, so the cops moved away. When we joined our people across the street, everybody was clapping and cheering like liberation was at band. Powell’s shut down early. That made people believe what a union can do.

The opening ceremonies of the convention were the next morning. About 50 of us from Powell’s walked in and everybody was chanting, “ILWU!” I’ll remember that for the rest of my life. I gave a speech about the people I was working with, and the union we were joining. The convention passed around ILWU tote bags and the delegates filled them with money for strike relief. On May 4 the convention marched to the Burnside store again and we held a hands-around-Powell’s rally with the ILWU delegates. We shut the store down once more.

We went on strike again on Memorial Day and people who had never worn a button or even signed a petition were walking the picket line. I knew then we were going to win. We went into federal mediation and now negotiations were totally different. The workers couldn’t watch this time and the mediator negotiated between the two bargaining teams that were in different rooms.

The contract proposal agreed upon called for an 18 percent raise over three years. We retained our health care. Now there was a grievance procedure, so we couldn’t be fired at will. The compensation group was put back in place. We didn’t get the successor clause we wanted, but I don’t think Powell’s is going anywhere. We got a profit-sharing program, so if a customer goes through our website we get a percentage of the sale price. The vote in favor of the contract that August was 293 to 37.

After we won our contract we were on the cover of The Oregonian. Of course, that contract symbolizes much more than its various clauses. We have a sense of community at Powell’s now that we never had before.

When I visited the International Library in San Francisco, there was this glass table with all these medallions that looked like they came from Harry Bridges was around. Beside them was a Local 5 button. I thought this represented such a blending of past and future, longshore workers and booksellers. Today unions have to expand their jurisdiction to survive. It clicked for me then that what we had done together was pretty cool.

[Editor’s note: Powell’s and Local 5 still have the internet-based profit-sharing program established in that first contract. If you go to www.powellsunion.com to order books, 10 percent goes to the workers at no extra cost.]
RIGHT TO ORGANIZE

continued from page 3

continued from page 3

he has in an effort to organize the 20,000. He says that he has 800 port workers who are involved in organizing. The HKCTU has a very strong relationship with the Solidarity Center of the AFL-CIO. Mr. Lee has been helpful to us in building solidarity for Blue Diamond workers.

The ILWU visited the Modern Terminals facility in Hong Kong. These three terminals have large cranes. This is one terminal operation in a huge port. There is no dock-rail, all traffic on land by truck. A massive ten-story warehouse rises up next to the terminal. The warehouse is so large that tractors are driven up and down the warehouse on circular ramps to pick up and drop off cans. Several of these warehouses exist in the Port of Hong Kong. There is insufficient real estate or terrain to build out so everything builds up.

Guangzhou—Guangzhou is the capital city of the province of Guangdong. Kent Wong arranged a meeting with leaders of the Guangdong Provincial Trade Union Council. The principal leader of the GPTUC was present at the meeting was Peng Fang. Director of the Council’s International Department. Mr. Peng assembled a large group of leaders, including some members of the Chinese Government’s Union to meet with the ILWU. The ranking member of the Guandong Provincial Trade Union Council was Mr. Xiao Jian Kun, the chairman of the Auditing Committee (Financial Secretary-Treasurer). He also drove the ILWU’s 70 kilometers down the Pearl River Delta to see the Nansha Terminals of the Port of Guangzhou. During a meeting with Mr. Deng, the terminal manager, who also serves as the vice chair of the Nansha Port Trade Union. He was aware of the lockout in 2002 and expressed an interest in knowing what would happen in 2008. CSLC ships call regularly in Oakland and Los Angeles from Nansha Terminals. These trade union leaders are very anxious to meet with a future delegation of ILWU leaders.

Nansha Terminals was built in the last two years and is already handling over 1.3 million TEUs per year. This ample has a situation of expansion, and construction of a completely new terminal was underway during the ILWU visit. There will be 10 berths available by the end of 2007. The brand new terminal headquarters building is immense and rivals the size of the Long Beach Port Building. Nansha Terminal is one of four terminals that are part of the Guangzhou Port Group.

For a whirlwind trip this was extremely productive for the ILWU. We made contacts with important labor leaders and maritime management officials that will be crucial to the long-term future of the union. It is still unclear of the exact relationship between labor and management in the People’s Republic, but only further contact will reveal an understanding of how best to manage the ILWU representation in the HKCTU and Chinese management.
Kate Thornton retires from the Benefits Plan Office

by Tom Price

Kate Thornton began working for the ILWU-PMA Benefits Plan in the summer of 1965, on a temporary basis, while she was still a student. In 1967 she signed on full-time, back when the office was in the basement of 150 Golden Gate in San Francisco and Harry Bridges was president.

Now its forty years later Kate is retiring. In a very personal sense she has always worked for the ILWU family.

“My father Frederick ‘Blackie’ Myers and my husband Lonnie Thornton worked out of Local 34,” she said. “My son Matt Thornton is a Local 34 member, my daughter-in-law Ellen also worked out of Local 34 and her father, Tom Wallace, was a Local 34 member. And my Daughter Liz was in Local 34 for a while.”

Before working out of Local 34, Blackie Myers was a veteran activist among seafarers who were persecuted during the anti-Communist witch-hunts of the McCarthy era, and he was a leader of the National Maritime Union and the Maritime-Workers Industrial Union.

Kate spent most of her time administering the welfare benefits, making sure people got things like hearing aids, dental care and supplemental disability—making real the benefits the longshore contract provides ILWU families. Member service has always been the goal.

“We have had several systems over the years, from a hand operation to a modern, sophisticated system,” she said. “We’ve worked under all of them and they have changed a lot, but the thing that hasn’t changed is attention to the members. We get back to them, when they call they get a person, that has always been something we have maintained.

“The best part about the job is the people I work with, and the members I talk to,” she said. “The people I work with are really appreciative of the benefits they have, and it’s good to know it means something to them. There’s something satisfying about working with these people, I work hard and I like it.”

Kate worked with many special women who contributed to the union. She mentioned quite a few for Women’s History Month, including Carol (Schwartz) Cuenod, who became ILWU Librarian; Elaine Black Yoneda, who organized legal defense for longshore workers during the Big Strike in 1934, and Linda Kuhn, who is now office manager for the International Union.

With 40 years of service behind her, Kate is ready to move on.

“What I’m going to do now is go to Boston in April and run the Boston Marathon,” she said. “I’ve been a runner for years and this is the pinnacle of my running. I’m about two-thirds done with the training.”

Kate also has a granddaughter and she hopes to spend a lot of time with her.

“This has been a very good job for me, I’ve been here a long time and it has been a very good place for me to work. I like it that I am retiring after 40 years, I like doing it when I’m feeling good, happy and healthy and I have energy for other things to come,” she said. “Forty years represents completion, it’s a good time to say goodbye.”

“Women in Power: Speaker of the House Nancy Pelosi greets Local 6 retiree Leroy King, right, co-chair of her first Congressional campaign as Tim Paulson, Executive Director of the San Francisco Labor Council, looks on.”

ILWU Canada’s Van McLean passes

Van McLean was born on the tenth day of the tenth month of 1920. He passed away Jan. 26, but his spirit, his drive for getting a task completed and his ability to disregard obstacles that hindered progress will be remembered by the many people who came in contact with Van during his 86 years of life.

These years include his five years in the Canadian army during the Second World War and his 35 years as an active longshoreman. After he retired on May 1, 1986 he spent 20 more years as an active supporter of his union by participating in the ILWU Pensioners Club.

He served six years as the club’s president, covering two Pacific Coast Pensioners Conventions held in Canada, 1999 and 2004, where Van and his wife Margaret (Bettey) proved their ability to get things organized to help make the conventions a success. Prior to his retirement Van was active in the affairs of the union, attending many conventions and caucuses dealing with policy of the union, and he held executive positions in Local 500 and, prior to the amalgamation of the Vancouver locals, his home Local 501. He served as RA in Local 500 from Nov. 1969 to Nov. 1970.

The ILWU Pensioners Organization expresses our condolences to Van’s family.

Longshore Retired, Deceased and Survivors

RECENT RETIREES:
Local 8—Fred Burns (Dorothy), Joe E. Smith, Gerald Minihan; Local 10—John Flementer (Gloria), Dale Kelly (Dale), Raymond Castro, Frank Otano; Local 12—Millard Miller; Local 13—Douglas La Franco (Irene), William Kimber (Nellie), Fernando Toscano (Lucky), Roberta Masing (Prinda), Sonya Dickerson, Jessie Bronze, Rudolph Frka, Mladenko Bozajic, Carol Bedd; Local 18—Wayne Day (Gloria); Local 19—Joseph Cardinale (Marie), Malvin Highland; Local 23—Leny Crow (Vivian), Herman Jones (Nancy); Local 50—Henry Boyd (Trudy); Local 52—Sipper Sigurard (Louise), Heny Isaksen Jr.; Local 63—Alphonso Martorella (Nina); Local 92—Howard Sullivan (Elaine), Thomas H. Thompson Jr. (Linda). DECEASED SURVIVORS:
Local 4—Ella Malloy; Local 8—Vivian Loveng, Betty King, Mary Evans, Dorothy Price; Local 10—Eugenia Broussard, Mayetta Miranda, Enza Alexander; Local 12—Julia Cervantes, Mercedes Highfill, Mary Jane Suarez; Local 21—Bernice Miller, Ella Hardy; Local 23—Hellen Cook, Mavis Swanson, Peggy Edmunds, Dixie Nelson; Local 24—Mary Rye; Local 25—Elma Kager; Local 26—Talma Justenson; Local 34—Hazel Swierstra, Rachel Schneider, Mary Cdiuo, Alice Lynch, Maxine Lewis; Local 40—Beverly Flego; Local 50—Frances Covert, Madeline Morrison; Local 63—Hentertia Harold, Julia Crockett.
**ILWU Book & Video Sale**

Books and videos about the ILWU are available from the union’s library at discounted prices!

**BOOKS:**
- Harry Bridges: The Rise and Fall of Radical Labor in the United States By Charles Larrowe. A limited number of copies of this out-of-print and useful biography are now available through the book sale by special arrangement with Boitemum Books in San Francisco, which specializes in rare publications and documents about radical and labor history. $18.00
- The ILWU Story: unrolls the history of the union from its origins to the present, complete with recollections from the men and women who built the union, in their own words, and dozens of rare photos of the union in action. $5.00
- The Big Strike By Mike Quin: the classic partisan account of the 1934 strike. $6.50
- The Union Makes Us Strong: Radical Unionism on the San Francisco Waterfront By David Wellman: the important new study of longshoreing in the ILWU. $20.00 (paperback)
- A Terrible Anger: The 1934 Waterfront and General Strike in San Francisco By David Selvin: perhaps the most comprehensive single narrative about the San Francisco events of 1934. $16.50
- The March Inland: Origins of the ILWU Warehouse Division 1934-1938 By Harvey Schwartz: new edition of the only comprehensive account of the union’s organizing campaign in the northern California warehouse and distribution industry. $9.00
- Workers on the Waterfront: Seamen, Longshoremen, and Unionism in the 1930s By Bruce Nelson: the most complete history of the origins, meaning, and impact of the 1934 strike. $9.00
- Reds and Rackets: The Making of Radical and Conservative Unions on the Waterfront By Howard Klimeldorf: A provocative comparative analysis of the politics and ideology of the ILWU and the international longshoreman’s association. $50.00 for each volume (year) to arrange with the Working Group, and includes a bonus feature on the building of the Golden Gate Bridge.

**VIDEOS:**
- We Are the ILWU A 30-minute color video introducing the principles and traditions of the ILWU. Features active and retired members talking about what the union meant in their lives and what it needs to survive and thrive, along with film clips, historical photos and an original musical score. DVD or VHS version $15.00
- Life on the Beam: A Memorial to Harry Bridges A 17-minute DVD of the original video production by California Working Group, Inc., memorializes Harry Bridges through still photographs, recorded interviews, and reminiscences. Originally produced for the 1990 memorial service in San Francisco. DVD $15.00

**NOTE:** TWO IMPORTANT BOOKS ARE NO LONGER AVAILABLE TO THE ILWU LIBRARY AT A SIGNIFICANT DISCOUNT, BUT MAY BE PURCHASED FROM BOOKSTORES, INCLUDING THE ILWU LOCAL 5 WEBSITE (powellsunion.com)

**workers on the waterfront:**
- We Are the ILWU
- A Helping Hand
- The ILWU Story
- A Terrible Anger
- The March Inland
- The Big Strike
- The ILWU Warehouse Division

**NOTE:** The March Inland: Origins of the ILWU Warehouse Division 1934-1938 has limited number of copies of this out of print and useful biography are now available through the book sale by special arrangement with Boitemum Books in San Francisco, which specializes in rare publications and documents about radical and labor history. $18.00

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